

ENTION TO THE

ESTI resented!

48 cts. per lb.
Java Coffee. 45c.
10 cts. per lb.
9 cts. per lb.
ST. RICH. (pound paper). 16c. per lb.
tel Raisins, 15c. per lb.
13c. per lb.
TS. PER GROSS.
75c. per bushel.
35c. per peck.
4 cts. per quart.

te. per lb.
22 cts. per lb.
35 cts. per lb.
35 cts. per lb.
COLATE.
ard, 25c. per bottle.
er bottle.

so at 60c., 75c., and
and 90 cts. per lb.

per quart.
and \$11.
2. 13c.

RY STORE WILL BE SOLD BY

ANDS OF CANNED
PRICES.

CO.,
LANDING.

AM. W. BURKE.

NEYATLAW,
WEYMOUTH.

HOURS 4 TILL 5 P.M.

ership Notice.

have formed a partnership
under the name of A. H.
A. H. STEPHEN.
F. O. STEPHEN.

1. 1876.

HINGTON
RUG STORE,

UTIN. - - MISS.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENING,

60c. which can be found a full line

UGS & MEDICINES,

Toilet Articles,

the Patent Medicines,

etc.

Goods is ENTIRELY NEW

and the people of Weymouth and

will give us a call before purchas-

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ATTENTION PAID TO THE COM-

EDICATIONS ACCORDING TO LATEST

COLON OF PHARMACY.

Attention paid to the dis-

patching of

s' Prescriptions,

AT ALL HOURS.

ED WYMAN,

MARCHEIST.

URANCE

PLACED IN

mutual of Quincy, or Mutual, of Boston,

or RELIABLE OFFICES, or

URITIS, Insurance Broker,

WEYMOUTH LANDING.

UGH, A COLD,

—OR—

RE THROAT,

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If allowed to continue, lary-

Lung, a permanent Throat

Consumption is often the re-

Bronchial Troches,

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to relieve.

Bronchial Troches,

their efficacy by a test

x. Sold everywhere.

BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

many worthless

imitations are offered, which

nothing.

ONLY the genuine

Bronchial Troches,

their efficacy by a test

x. Sold everywhere.

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FEVER, CHOLESTEROL, AC-

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and \$11.

1.38.

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PRICES.

C O .
LANDING.

JAN W. BURKE,

NEYAT LAW,

WEYMOUTH.

HOURS 4 THU. & 8 P.M.

ership Notice.

date formed a Corporation

under the laws of Mass.

A. H. STERLING,
F. O. STERLING.

1.375.

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RUG STORE,

uth. - - MASS.

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Gold everywhere.

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for the Eye or Skin, for PER-

FEZ, and other Diseases. Ac-

the manufacturer, can be had

cheaper than they can be bought

in any part of the country.

E FARMERS,

EAST WEAHOMUTH.

CAL BROILED

IN TOLKIEN IN THEORY

PRACTICE! The Vertical Broiler

is the best broiler for broiled

meats. It requires neither

gas nor electricity.

A week is cooked in from 8

to 10 hours. The heat is con-

tinuous, so there is no time

to let the meat stand.

use this Broiler!

you will succeed. When it

is used, it will return the

same amount of money.

PRATT, AGENT,

WEYMOUTH, MASS.

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PARK, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Winter Plowing.
Plowing land in winter for spring crops is attended with advantages of which the thoughtful farmer will not fail to avail himself. Water in plowed ground is becoming more and more a powerful force in disintegrating and mallowing the most tenacious clay soils, and is almost invaluable to the farmer who knows how to use it to the most advantage. It hastens chemical action in many ways. On congealing, the water in mineral and organic substances is expanded, causing them to expand, to decompose, to break up, and decay—*as in the case of an apple or potato after being frozen*. Ice that will burn an iron pot will melt with very little difficulty in disintegrating and mallowing the most obstinate soil, and thereby assist in its improvement. Plowing increases the capacity of soils to hold moisture, and causes it to expand and contract, and therefore its most efficient pulverizer. And these results are obtained from the plowing and freezing which neither alone could secure.

In the preparation of land, therefore, for next season's tillage the advantages of winter plowing should be decided. Of course lands which are so steep as to wash badly should not, under most circumstances, be plowed in the fall for winter, but when there is a necessity for doing so, the hillside plow should be used, and the furrows so directed that the washing rains or melting snows can do them as little damage as possible. A good rule is, that if fall or winter plowing is in two or three inches more depth of soil can be thrown up than in spring plowing, the frost of winter, so mallowing the raw, cold subsoil as to render its incorporation with the surface soil an easy matter.

It follows, then, from these facts, that whenever the ground is too wet—especially when there is a young crop in view—it is best to command the services of Jack Frost, in commanding and preparing the soil, ready for an early start in the spring. This great mechanical assistant costs nothing, and is always on hand, if the land has been plowed in time. It is these natural forces that the farmer has at his disposal, and the best advantage, whether they be solar light, heat, descending rains of spring, summer and autumn, in bringing down the enriching stores of plant food from the atmosphere, or the hard freezing weather of winter. The deeper the earth is stirred, and the more its particles are comminated, the more rapid it is absorbed, and consequently the more of those enriching stores of plant food contained in the atmosphere are brought down and secured. The joint action of the plowing and freezing of the soil is therefore of more value than is generally understood or appreciated.

Clear Us the Sabbath.

When the need up and abandoned implements and articles, and the fag ends of everything required about a farmer's premises are left to lie about occupying the ground year after year, who would be so foolish as to suppose it is impossible to keep such premises free of brackish and other weeds. There is no excuse for these idiosyncrasies about the farm building, the more rapid it is absorbed, and consequently the more of those enriching stores of plant food contained in the atmosphere are brought down and secured.

The Schoolhouse Disaster.

A Building in Hesse-Kassel.
Lost—A Mad Night.

A Paris paper publishes the following particulars of the frightful accident at a Christmas festival in Switzerland, the reports of which have reached us by telegraph:

The scene of the catastrophe was the schoolhouse of the village of Hettlingen, situated about seven hundred inhabitants, and one of the most villages in the fruitful valley of Ertskthal, in the parish of Wetzikon, district of Rheinfelden, near the Swiss salt pits. It has always been the custom in most of the Swiss villages to collect subscriptions among the well-to-do inhabitants for distributing among the poor children of the Christian faith. Everything had been prepared on this occasion in the usual way, and the children had assembled at six o'clock in the evening of Christmas day outside the schoolhouse, in the company of their friends and parents, waiting impatiently for admittance to see the Christmas tree in order that they might have a present. My father I dare not see. I left a future as full of promise as ever a man saw before him.

This letter was written just after Bork escaped into Canada. There is much more of it, and all is full of remorse— remorse for greed, for a false ambition, for the want of sympathy, and last and least, my property. My father I dare not see. I left a future as full of promise as ever a man saw before him.

The book of the Post-office department shows that under the new postage law some of the leading papers paid as follows for postage for 1873: New York Tribune, \$29,210.00; Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$15,022.84; New York Times, \$11,586.02; New York Herald, \$8,043.94; Cincinnati Times, \$4,063.00; Cincinnati Gazette, \$4,482.32; Boston Daily Times, \$4,052.16; St. Louis Republican, \$3,961.38; Chicago Times, \$3,660; Chicago Tribune, \$3,004.38; Cincinnati Daily Journal, \$2,500.00.

Something About Peru.

A brother of Henry Meiggs, the American railroad king of Peru, has recently returned home to report. Mr. Meiggs says that Peru is richer in the precious metals than any other country in the world. Our engineers in building the railroad from the coast to Puno have come across a hundred silver mines, any one of which might be probably as rich as the United States. If we can mine and smelt these minerals we have built will be a blessing to the country. New discoveries of silver are being made, and it is estimated that there are about ten millions of tons remaining, worth about £10 tons, sterling per ton, net. The annual consumption is about 400,000 tons, so that Peru is sure to be at the very gates of death, if he fails to avert it.

Montenegro threatens to make war on Turkey, if the latter measures her.... Owing to the numerous applications for space in Memorial hall, at the exhibition, the Centennial board of finance have decided to erect an additional building for the accommodation of fine arts, and have already given out the contract.... Blaine has selected his delegates to the national Republican convention, and invited them to meet at Blair for President.... One of the Moody revivals in Philadelphia, a collection (below the one only during the revival) of the new building of the Young Men's Christian Association, and \$100,000 were received.... By a fire originating from the explosion of an oil lamp, in Apollo, Pa., two squares, comprising about forty buildings, were entirely destroyed.

Wm. M. Evans has been re-elected president of the Yale Alumni Association.... The London Times' editor Senator Sherman's proposal for the establishment of a common fund of money for the United States and England.... Victor Hugo addressed an address to the senatorial delegations from Paris and France, asking them to found a democracy which shall end foreign war by arbitration, civil war by amnesty and duress by education.... The dead body of Elizabeth Thombarrow, a German girl, fourteen years of age, was found at Youngstown, Ohio. Her veil was torn around her throat, and she had evidently been strangled. The verdict of a coroner's jury was that she had been ravished and murdered.... The Pope is ill.... The sale shop of E. & T. Fairbanks & Co., at St. Johnsbury, Vt., was destroyed by fire. The loss is covered by insurance. The shop will be rebuilt at once.... Jacob West lung of Joliet, Ill., for murdering his wife.... John Kelly has bought the New York Evening Express, to be published in the interests of Tammany....

The Harvardian journals say that the sugar crop will certainly be thirty per cent. less than last year; they also consider the coming tobacco crop of Vinales almost totally destroyed, through their death and that they would bury her quietly away from Sacramento, as so to let her "beyond the river" unknown to earth. And the poor thing, in talking of her dead and buried friend, turned her face to be looked upon by strangers after death, and that they would bury her quietly away from Sacramento, as so to let her "beyond the river" unknown to earth.

Every headstone lay on the ground, broken into fragments, and showing traces of such delusion that we are forced to believe that it was not the work of men. Stones weighing two hundred weight have been literally torn out of the ground, a shaft weighing a ton or more has been thrown down and broken after it fell. Of the shrubbery and flowers there remain scarcely a vestige except what lies withered and ruined under foot.

The outrage was discovered, and four other boys and a girl, it is believed, having fled to have committed the act.

That this is a malitia plot to screen the actual perpetrators, and to sweep away the guilty, is evident.

The Commercial Storm.

The Boston Post has the following: With 5,740 failures scored against the last year, most people feel inclined to think matters are growing worse and worse. The number in 1873, the year of the panic, was 5,183; in 1874 it was 5,890; last year it was 7,740.

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20 cts. per peck.

4 cts. per quart.

s. per lb.

22 cts. per lb.

24 cts. per lb.

OLATE,

standard, 25c. per bottle.

Per bottle.

at \$60., 75c., and

90 cts. per lb.

quarter.

50 and \$11.

32. 1.38.

WEST CASH PRICES.

Per Ware.

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able, break, shrink, rust, or fail to

CO.,

LANDING.

AM. W. BURKE.

NEYAT LAW,

WEYMOUTH.

HOURS 4 TILL 8 P.M.

A COUGH;

Cold, or Sore Throat

REQUIRES

IMMEDIATE

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Bronchial Troches,

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The demand for them has

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it.

A RHINITIS.—A spasmodic af-

fliction, which are covered with

slugs. "Brown's Bronchial Troch-

es give immediate relief. If

persecuted with them—they will

A FORM OF CHRONIC TUBERCULOSIS,

of inflammation, which begins be-

before the palate, and extends up in-

Brown's Bronchial Troches" have

been in this troublous

and PUBLIO SPEAKERS

are useful in clearing the

lungs before singing or speak-

ing the throat, after an

the good reputation and

the Troches, man worth-

ONLY the genuine.

Bronchial Troches,

proved their efficacy by a

years. Sold Everywhere.

nership Notice.

we have formed a Partnership

Manufacture of Boots & Shoes, &c.

under the direction of A. H.

an. 1. 1874.

G. H. STEPHING,

F. O. STEPHING,

34 40

SHING

DRUG STORE,

outh, - Mass.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENING,

1872, who can be found a full line

RUGS & MEDICINES,

Toilet Articles,

ne Patent Medicines,

etc.

rk of Goods is ENTIRELY NEW

and the people of Weymouth, and

well to give us a full line for par-

chises according to latest

the COLLEGE OF PHARMACY.

attention paid to the dis-

persions' Prescriptions,

AT ALL HOURS.

RED WYMAN,

PHARMACIST.

PLACED IN

Mutual of Quincy,

other Mutual, of Boston,

TRUSTS RELIAS OFFICES, AT

CURTIS, Insurance Broker.

WEYMOUTH LANDING.

SS SHADES,

2nd, Round, Oak Staircase, for FER-

Flowers STAIRCASE, a.c.

1st, Oak Staircase, for FER-

WEEKLY GAZETTE AND REPORTER

FRIDAY, FEB. 16, 1876.

[Correspondence of the Gazette.]

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

The Appropriation Bill in the House. Economy and Retrenchment. Question-side Hazard.

WASHINGTON, February 11, 1876.

The House is still hanging away over the Appropriation bill with present indications that the matter will consume the greater portion of the session. The commercial and diplomatic appropriations are evidently to suffer principally, while the military and naval, retrenchment at every point, is impossible point. The great object of this House, Mr. Holman, of Indiana, a constitutional fault-finder, made on Tuesday, in a speech of bluntness to the War Department, and consists abroad. The bill in question, is one that interests our commercial interests to a much greater extent, than is generally understood. The South American trade, an important one, even at present, may not be able to sustain its power and market value management, is dependent on the action of Congress on this bill. To reduce our consular service—for countries which have no consuls, can have no trade—is to prevent expansion and the eastern port of this section. The bill proposes the reduction of more than fifteen per cent. of our consulates, and this in the face of the fact that our consular system is self-supporting, which can only be done by the payment of salaries during the year. 1874, was less than \$400,000, while the consular fees amounted to more than \$700,000. A comparison of these figures with those of Great Britain, who paid during the same year for their consular fees less than \$150,000, is in itself an excellent reason why our parsimony under the name of retrenchment should not overrule our prudence. Fernando Wood, who has paid little heed to the party's resolutions in addition to a most active opposition in opposition to the bill on Wednesday, during which he declared that if the bill were to save the treasury twenty million, instead of the paltry four hundred thousand contemplated, he said as a matter of principle and common sense, vote against it.

Still it is believed that the majority are so well organized, that the bill will pass the House much the same as reported from Mr. Haadall's committee, and it is rumored that Senator [redacted] supported it, with the exception of making a further reduction by placing the salaries of both houses at \$150 per annum. This would be rich, for who imagines for a moment that the Democracy have any regard for the welfare of the nation? The reductions, however, are substantial, reducing expenses on political grounds, in the expectation that the Senate will reject them. If the Senate would only take them at their word and pass the bills, there would be such a howling in the country and terminates the party. To show that the majority have not the least comprehension of the effect of the large reduction proposed in the department, I might mention the fact that they are continually calling upon the government and the public to furnish a partial suspension of the ordinary current work. In order to reply to the laudries of the House and its committees, made to the Secretary of the Treasury, without any reference to his report, he has sent a letter to his secretary of state, force for more than two years! A resolution from the House of not a dozen lines, was sent the other day to the head of a certain department, calling for immediate information, to know what services it had rendered him for three hundred men for three weeks, and he has not one-tenth of the number available for other duty than the current work of the day. And yet it is proposed to reduce the force of that department twenty-five percent. Mr. Haadall, in his report, has explained the simplicity of a rule member, who desired the Secretary of War to look on the "army book" for the name of a certain man who was in the late war of the rebellion, under the impression that in that conflict and their military history, were kept on a memorandum book which the Secretary carried about in his breast-pocket.

The Secretary of the Treasury is before the Committee on Appropriations, and may be asked to a deficiency of some three thousand dollars, in the funds to support the Bureau of printing and engraving. Since the appropriation was made a year ago, an act was passed calling for extra and elaborate impressions of documents, and increased expenses of additional employees, and increased expenses over and above his estimates. The Committee manifesting a disposition to refuse the deficiency he frankly and emphatically informed them that unless the amount was granted, he would hold alone responsible for its creation—he would on the first of March be obliged to shut up this illusory altogether and discharge the six to eight hundred employees, now engaged therein.

Mr. Holman, long experienced in business, was delirious on Thursday. He was a brilliant effort. Compared with his invective against Hill in the amnesty debate, it was moderate in tone, earnest in manner, and argumentative in effect. The bitter in his denunciation of the members of the Union League, the Ohio abolitionists, rehement in his assertion that the hard money Democracy of New York were Pharisees, who could see nothing beyond partizan tactics in their advocacy of a national issue, he made a calm, dispassionate argument of a subject that is at the best, a dry and unexciting lecture.

POSTPONED.—We accidentally omitted to mention last week that the Union Musical Society had arranged to give a public presentation of "Don Juan" and selections from "Elijah" last Tuesday evening. The stormy weather of that evening compelled the Society to postpone the entertainment to next week.

1. O. G. T.—The Officers of Wessagusset Lodge, at Lovell's Corner, were duly installed Feb. 12 by the Deputy, O. T. Bassett, assisted by other officers from the Grand Lodge, as follows:

W. C. T., G. S. J. Warren Hobrook;

W. A. S., Mrs. Carey Hobrook; W. F. S., C. Pratt; W. D. M., Miss L. French; W. C., Mrs. L. French; W. I. G., C. O. Study; W. O. G., H. Gardner; R. H. S., Miss E. Spillard; P. W. C. T., Walter C. Hobrook.

This Lodge is in a flourishing condition; its present membership is 63, besides 7 that have been suspended. There has been a great change in this vicinity in the past few weeks in the temperance cause; there is a revolution in this community, and not only a revolution, but a revolution to do better in the future. God grant that the day is not far distant, when their course will be set to sign the pledge.

Externally young, &c.

Mr. Springer imagined the sensation that would come over Mr. Read, when he heard that a revolution in the town of Athens had taken place, and that the people of that town, for a time, had assumed the right to elect their own ruler.

Yes. Mr. Springer thought otherwise, for he knew some one must have sent a dispatch in reply, saying,

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The entire troupe of all this noiseless lies in the fact, the factitious speeches of Messrs. Cox and Springer have cost the tax payers more than \$10,000, and the disbursement of the speeches were principally made. This is economy with a vengeance. A lighttongued calculator of this city, his spare moments, has ascertained from careful figuring, that the witty sayings, questionable stories, dull speculations, a beautiful overture from "Elijah,"

and playful badinage of Mr. Cox, on the floor of the House, costs the tax-payers of the country about one hundred thousand dollars per annum. Here's food for thought.

LOCAL NEWS.

MEMORIAL SERVICE.

A memorial service to the memory of Comrade J. Bates, late Commander of Post 58, will be held in Rev. F. Stanton's Church, at 8.30, Weymouth, on TUESDAY EVENING, and commencing at half past 7 o'clock.

Comrade G. S. Merrill, late Dep't Com- mander, will deliver the Address.

The relatives and friends of the deceased Comrade are respectfully invited to present.

Members of Post 58 are directed to appear in full uniform, at noon on Memorial Day, and will assemble at the Vestry in rear of the Church, at 7 o'clock promptly.

H. S. Lovell, John M. Whitcomb, C. W. Hastings, Committees.

RECOVERING.—Mr. Geo. Davis, pro- vidence dealer, of Weymouth Landing, who was so severely injured about two months ago by a fall from the roof of his stable, has, under the skillful treatment of Dr. Greely, so far recovered as to be able to walk out.

I. O. or G. T.—A new Lodge of the Order of Good Templars was instituted at South Weymouth on Friday evening, Feb. 4, its designation being "Highland Light Lodge, No. 181." There were 20 applicants for the Charter, and 12 new propositions for membership were received that evening. The service of institution was under charge of Norfolk County Deputy, Wilmot Cleverly, of North Weymouth. The meetings are held every Friday evening, in Rogers Hall.

ECONOMY.—A chapter on economy is contained in a letter to the New York Ledger from a subscriber in East Weymouth, who says that she has three children, is 52 years old, and on less than \$100 a year, has, since 1869, saved \$93.66, and the interest is now quite safe.

FAIR.—A delegation of the Sabbath School children of the Catholic Society of Hingham, accompanied by their Superintendent, furnished the evening entertainment last Saturday, at the fair of the Church of the Sacred Heart, Weymouth. The vestry was densely crowded with visitors, who were apparently highly pleased with the melange of dialogues and vocal and instrumental music. The fair has continued through the past two weeks; and next Monday evening a grand dramatic entertainment is to be given, followed by an exhibition of fine tableaux and music on Tuesday evening.

CHARLES W. HASTINGS, Adjutant.

YACHTING.—Quite a fleet of new yachts is now in process of construction in Weymouth Landing and East Braintree, to be sailed on the river next summer.

W. F. S.—A new boat has been announced by Comrade John D. Rea, a member of this Post, and late a private of the 12th Mass. Infantry, has taken his departure to the higher life.

Therefore Resolved, That we accept the gift with feelings of grateful appreciation and a high appreciation of the boundless generosity of the donors. This small present is a small addition to our funds, and we feel that simply to acknowledge our thanks, seems a mean and cheap return for the munificence displayed by the Meets. Lovell.

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Resolved, That we hereby express to the widow and children of our deceased Comrade, our heartfelt sympathy in their bereavement, feeling conscious that the untimely loss of their stay and support is indeed a severe affliction.

Resolved, That we adjutant be directed to place a copy on these resolutions in the hands of the widow of Comrade Rea, also to furnish a copy for publication in the Weymouth Gazette.

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EXCHANGE.—Rev. Mr. Chapin, of the Old North Church, occupied the pulpit of the Baptist Church at the Landing, last Sabbath afternoon, exchanging with Rev. Mr. Wright.

I. O. or G. T. INSTALLATION.—At the regular meeting of Union Lodge, No. 9, the following Officers were duly installed for the ensuing quarter, by D. G. W. T., Augustus Beals, assisted by D. G. W. M., Wilmot Cleverly, of the Grand Lodge. W. C. T., William E. Phelon; W. V. T., Ashie Wilson; W. S., John E. Wilson; W. F. S., Edwin K. Wheaton; W. T., John S. Henry; W. C., Nellie Kadelic; W. M., Alexander Peters; W. I. G., A. Foye; W. O. G., L. Haydon; R. H. S., M. II. Foye; L. H. S., M. T. Crocker; P. W. C. T., Owen T. Bassett. The Lodge is making active preparations for the celebration of its 17th Anniversary in March next.

POSTPONED.—In consequence of the rain of Monday evening, and a small audience, the centennial lecture of J. W. Armington, Esq., was postponed to three weeks from that date. Next Monday evening, Hon. Charles W. Slack will present "A Few Centennial Thoughts," as the subject of his lecture, and his many friends and acquaintance in this vicinity will no doubt welcome him with a thronged house. Rev. Wm. C. Wright is to follow the next week with an appropriate lecture.

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POST 58, G. A. R.—At the regular meeting of Post 58, on Tuesday evening, Comrade B. S. Lovell presented to the comrades twelve stand of beautiful Springfield Rifles, in the following speech.

Comrades:—On behalf of John P. Lovell & Sons, I have the pleasure to present to Post 58, twelve stand of nickel-plated Springfield Rifles.

It is desirable to have for our firing parties, clean, suitable firearms, which shall be the property of the Post, with some one responsible for their good care.

I wish to state also, that the nickel-plated rifle, by the Adams Nickel Plating Co., of South Weymouth, Conn., is the most unmitigated spectacle of blindfoldness. The relatives and friends of the deceased Comrade are respectfully invited to present.

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PARK, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

The Frost in Corn.

A correspondent of the Chicago Tribune writes the following: "The bill, and it is not of much moment, originated in the prairie region of the West at par for economical feeding, let us see what one hundred acres cost, from an itemized account kept with one hundred acres in 1870 in central Illinois; and this again we tabulate for convenience to the reader:

DENTON	
100 acres land, rent at \$5.	\$500.00
Depreciation in implements, estimated	100.00
Seed corn.....	11.00
Breeding stock, two days at \$5.	11.00
Milkings, five days at \$5.	15.00
Planting, ten days at \$5.	30.00
Hay, drooping, ten days at \$1.	10.00
Hay, cutting, three days at \$2.	24.00
Harvesting twice, twelve days at \$5.	30.00
Plowing three days, thirty-five days at \$5.	105.00
Hauling, two days at \$5.	10.00
Hunting and trapping, forty-three days, man and team at \$3.	153.00
Hunting and trapping, fifty-three days, extra man at \$1.50.	72.00
Total inc., 721; total cost.....	\$1,215.00
Inc., 1000.	
By 4,470 bushels corn, sold at crib at forty-two and one-half cents per bushel.....	\$1,095.75
Cash balance.....	770.25

Thus 924 bushels of corn, produced 100 acres of corn culture, we can estimate—inclosing rent of land, wear and tear of implements, and men and teams—is of \$1,215.00, producing \$1,095.75, leaving a net profit of \$170.25; or, again, we find that the cost of making an acre of corn to be within a fraction of one-and-one-half days; or, divided, the crop cost less than two and one-half days of work.

The total average per acre is \$12.15; the produce, \$1.59; the acre, the net profit per acre is \$7.70. To this should be added the value of the stocks sold shooting after the corn was hunked, at \$1 per acre, bringing the net profit to \$8.70 per acre. We have heard good farmers say they could make and "lay by" a crop of corn and stay at work for many months after a crop. In general, it may be done. Our experience is that it will offend overmen than go below the figures we have given. Whether it takes a quarter of a day more or less, it will vary the cash cost of the corn per bushel but slightly.

Medical Hints.

CURE FOR HOARHENSES OR TICKLING IN THE THROAT.—At this season of colds, it may be useful to know that it is relieved by using the white of an egg, thoroughly beaten, mixed with lemon juice and sugar. A teaspoonful taken occasionally is a dose.

LIGHT SOUP FOR AN INVALID.—Stir one pound of rice flour with half pound of loaf sugar into a quart of boiling water; let it cool slowly for twenty minutes and pour it in form to cool. To be eaten with a spoonful of honey.

STRETCH KNOCKERS.—In cases of sudden pain in the joints, immediately after the blow, press the injured part with the unbruised hand, say between the thumb and forefinger, and gradually lessen the pressure. It will nearly always remove the pain, and generally any swelling that might occur under the circumstances.

WARTS.—The treatment of warts is to pare the hard and dry skin from their tops, and then touch them with the smallest drop of strong rectified oil, taking care that the acid does not run off the skin upon the neighboring skin, for if it does it will occasion inflammation and pain. If this practice is continued, with regularity, paring the surface of the wart occasionally, when it gets hard and dry, the wart may be soon effectually cured.

A CURE FOR CATARRH.—A medical authority asserts that the severest catarrhal cold can be removed in about ten hours by a mixture of carbolic acid, ten drops, tincture of iodine and chloroform, each 7.5 drops. A few drops of this mixture should be dropped into the nostrils in a test tube, the mouth a month should be applied to the nostrils as volatilization is effected. The operation should be repeated in about twenty minutes, when the patient sneezes a number of times, troublesome symptoms rapidly disappear.

What to Do in Case of Fire.

Do not get confused; admit no one to your house except firemen, policemen or neighbors. If a lady's or child's dress takes fire, endeavor to roll the person up in a rug, carpet, or any piece of woolen stuff.

Kids must be sent to school and windows closed until the flames arrive.

If smoke enters the room and it is difficult to stand erect, get your mouth as close to the floor as possible and breathe easy, as there is always a fresh current of air near the floor. A wet cloth over the mouth will greatly aid breathing.

Interesting Facts.

The number of seeds of wheat in one pound is 10,500.

The number of seeds in one pound of barley is 15,100.

The number of seeds in one pound of oats, 20,000.

The number of seeds in one pound of rye, 23,000.

The number of seeds in one pound of buckwheat is 25,000.

The number of seeds in one pound of red clover, 24,000.

The number of seeds in one pound of white clover, 63,400.

The number of varieties of veratraria is 200.

The number of varieties of birds is estimated at 6,000.

The number of varieties of reptiles will probably reach 2,000.

The number of varieties of fishes will probably reach 10,000.

There are about 250,000 species of animals in all.

A codfish has been found to produce 3,600,000 eggs or spawn.

A ling has been found to produce 19,200,000 eggs or spawn.

A serring weighing five ounces has been found to produce 36,000 eggs or spawn.

A mackerel weighing twenty ounces has been found to produce 454,000 eggs or spawn.

Under False Colors.

An interesting question came up in the United States House to which Mr. Wood, of New York, directed attention. Mr. Pierce, from the committee on commerce, reported a bill to grant an American flag to the slaves in the South, proposed by Dr. Moore & Co., of Boston. The report shows that the vessel was built at New Bedford in 1850, and was engaged in carrying supplies from Boston to the whaling fleet in the Pacific ocean. In 1853 she was in danger of capture by rebel cruisers in the Pacific, and, as a matter of self protection, she sailed under the American flag. She had, however, a return to the Spanish flag. Mr. Wood called upon the House to notice that there was a question of considerable importance underlying this bill. He had often thought that the cause of the decline of American commerce was in consequence of the system pursued by shippers of denominational themes, as well as of fear of piracy and sailing under foreign flags. Such a course had lost me the advantage of the day, and now that the danger is past these owners want to get again the advantage of sailing under the American flag. It was insisted by the organ of the committee that this case did not enter into the general question raised by Mr. Wood, and the House passed the bill.

PURSUED TO DEATH.

A Cold Blooded Crime and a Thrilling Retribution—The Ridiculous Hero.

In the year 1812 the western portions of Pennsylvania, embracing the mountains regions between Chambersburg and Pittsburgh, presented little more than an unbroken wilderness through which the great waters of the Ohio valley passed; and at that period it was a lonely and dangerous pathway to all wayfarers between the Eastern cities and the great Western wilderness of Ohio and Kentucky.

About midway of this road, and in a most dismal locality, was located an inn, kept by an old German. The house was small, but the accommodations were ample sufficient for the travel that came that way. In the spring of the year mentioned there came from the stock raising region around Pittsburgh a drover, who, with his flock of well fat-tail bullocks, was on his way to Philadelphia. He was well armed, and had a horse and a spear at his side. He was accompanied by a third traylor, who was ordinary hunter—he stated with some satisfaction the fact on his return he would stop at the tavern with the drover.

In conversation with the inmates of Stotter's inn—the most of whom were ordinary hunters—he stated with some satisfaction the fact on his return he would stop at the tavern with the drover.

Mr. Hitchcock (Rep.), of Nebraska, introduced the subject of the Indians to the Senate, and gave a short history of the Indians of the United States.

Mr. Watson (Rep.), of Virginia, spoke on the subject of the Indians.

Mr. Wadsworth (Rep.), of Vermont,

Mr. Thompson (Rep.), of Connecticut,

Mr. Treadwell (Rep.), of Maine,

Mr. Ladd (Rep.), of Massachusetts,

Mr. Tamm (Rep.), of New Hampshire,

TENTION TO THE

ISTY resented!

48 cts. per lb.
va. Coffee, 46c.
10 cts. per lb.
STARCH, (powd. paper, 11c.
per lb.
Raisins, 16c. per lb.
sins, 18c. per lb.
TS. PER 14-GROSS.
15 cts. per bushel,
20 cts. per bushel,
4 cts. per quart.

8 cts. per lb.
ERS,
COLATE,
S 8 cts. per lb.
stdard, 25c. per bottle,
er bottle,
so at 60c., 75c., and
and 90 cts. per lb.
32. 1.38.
WEST CASH PRICES,
per Ware,

to be a very desirable article, dura-
ble, break, shrink, rust, or fall to

CO.
LANDING.
SAM W. BURKE,
NEYAT LAW,
WEYMOUTH.
HOURS 4 TILL 8 P.M.

A COUGH,
Gold, or Son Threat
REQUIRES
IMMEDIATE
ATTENTION,
and should be checked. If al-
lowed to continue,
Irritation of the Lungs,
A PERMANENT
THROAT AFFECTION

ble lung disease is often the
Bronchial Triches,
not influence on the parts,
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starch. Consumptive and
ase. TRICHES are used
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ARAKABLE PROPERTIES OF

Bronchial Triches,
strongly tested since first
The demand for them has
creased, and purely upon
erts.

METHUSIC—A specific affec-
tional tubercle which comes with
the bronchitis. Brown's Bronchial Triches
a case gives immediate relief. If
you persevere with them—they will

a form of Cystic Thrichis
of bronchitis, which begins be-
above the pharynx and extends up to
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decisions in this troublesome com-

and PUBLIC SPEAKERS
class useful in clearing the
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leaving the throat. After an
of the vocal organs.

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ONLY the genuine.

Bronchial Triches,
proved their efficacy by a
years. Sold Everywhere. J

nership Notice.
have formed a Partnership
factory of Boots and Shoes, at
under the firm name of A. H.
CO. A. H. STEPHEN,
P. O. STEPHEN,
Jan. 1, 1876.

SHINGTOM
DRUG STORE,
outh, -- Mass.,
OPEN SATURDAY EVENING,
1875, where can be found a full line
RUGS & MEDICINES,
Toilet Articles,
ine Patent Medicines,
etc.

ck of Goods is ENTIRELY NEW
and the people of Weymouth
will give us a call before purchas-

CKAL ATTENTION PAID TO THE CO
MEDICINES ACCORDING TO LATEST
THE COLLEGE OF PHARMACY.

alition paid to the dis-
persing of
ians' Prescriptions,
AT ALL HOURS.

RED WYMAN,
PHARMACIST.

SURANCE
PLACED IN
mutual of Quincy,
ster Mutual, of Boston,
THE REINS OF OFFICE, AT
CURTIS. Insurance Broker,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

SS SHADES,
Small, Oval or Square, for PER-
FUMES, FLOWERS, FLAUNTY &c. &c.
These shades are made of silk shades
that can be easily washed in water
or mail promptly attended to.

H. FARMER,
WEYMOUTH

GAZETTE & REPORTER. C. G. EASTERBROOK, Editor.

Single copies 2 cts.; to be had at the News-
paper Office, 10 Cornhill, Boston, and at the
East Weymouth, and South Braintree; also at W.
F. Lock, & Co., Braintree, R. H. Station.

Mr. Editor.—I am not a confirmed
grumbler. I stated to be somewhat re-
sonable, especially in regard to things of
which I know comparatively little. And
I would not have you, for a moment, im-
pose that I come and make my maiden
bow to you and through you to the pub-
lic simply for the purpose of bringing
myself before your grace, or of finding
fault with any one. I do it simply be-
cause I feel, as many other parents feel,
that I am not justified in keeping silence.

Our public schools are an honor to, and
should be the pride of the town. In
them lies the germ of our greatness as a
nation and in them also too often lies the
germ that has brought and is to bring
sorrow to many a family over the blasted
homes and short-lived lives of some that
have died here.

I write this, also, to draw more partic-
ularly the attention of the public to this
subject, and if this article calls out a re-
joinder that will show me my mistake and
teach me that I am utterly at fault in my
conclusions, I will accept the informa-
tion.

John W. Dyer, 10 Cornhill, Boston.

QUINCY DYEHOUSE

AND
Steam Laundry.

HAVING fitted up a Dyehouse in the most
approved style, we are prepared to do all kinds
of Dyeing &c. at a fixed price, and in the best
manners. We have a large stock of dyed. Kid
Gloves, Rose and Sapphires cleaned.

THE QUINCY LAUNDRY REOPENED

All articles left with C. S. Williams will be
promptly returned.

GEORGE BROTHERS, Proprietors.

45-11

COAL
WOOD AND HAY,
AT—

Wharf, East Braintree.

FRANKLIN COAL (Linen Valley;
WHITE AND COALS;

DANIEL W. WENTWORTH, Den Red Ash;

LLAWOOD; BUNDLE HAY;

For Sale at Lowest Cash Rates.

All orders promptly attended to. P. O. Address
Weymouth.

J. F. SHEPPARD.

SAMUEL CURTIS,
COFFIN WAREHOUSE,
AND
FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

COFFINS, ROBES AND HABITS, OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION.

ESTABLISHED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

THE LATE NTY-FREEZER USED IN PRESERVING
INT. BODIES.

Auction Sales attended to as usual.

MERCANTILE

SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 501 Washington St., Boston.

All deposits made in this Institution commence to
draw interest on the day of each month.

THE INSTRUCTION has a
GUARANTEED FUND of \$20,000,000,
for the protection of its depositors.

41-2

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

FURNITURE

FROM THE
Celebrated Manufactory of Goldowsky,
107 WASHINGTON STREET,
40-47 BOSTON.

GEO. W. HERSEY,
Painter and Glazier,

AND DEALER IN

Paints, Oil, Glass, Varnish, Putty, Glue,

[Old Stand of W. T. Burnell.]

Weymouth Landing.

W. F. HANNAWAY, M. D.,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

RESIDENCE:

Norfolk St., M. Pleasant, Weymouth

Office Hours—7 to 8 A. M. 1 to 9 P. M.

RECEIPTS:

Balance in Treasury, Dec. 31, 1874.

Cast for labor of prisoners in House of

Correction, 2,179.75

John W. Thomas, Sheriff—fees and costs,

5,231.10

from sale of U. S. Bonds, purchased of

the State of N. Y. 1875, with the purchase of

the above balance of \$75,000.00.

of the town of Randolph for their leisure

hours till bed-time. The example were

the last ten on page 122 of Walton's Arithmeti-

c. The following is a specimen.

*A cubic foot of granite weighs 163 lbs.

5 oz.; what is the weight of a block 3 ft.

2.25-in. by 2 ft. 4 in. and 1 ft. 3 in. thick?

How is that, Mr. Editor, for a child ten

years old—ten of them for an evening

recreation? would you be pleased to have

ten of those examples assigned to you

after you fondly supposed your days work

was finished—just for amusement, you

know (But I suppose I ought not to ask

you that question, for editors intuitively

know everything.) So this is a tax not

alone for school hours, for they

night bear it, but for every leisure hour

out of school, when these children ought

to be using their muscle or else asleep.

Honestly, do you suppose the average

child of ten or twelve years of age will,

after a hard days work, perform those

examples at night and have them all

ready for examination in the morning?

The result is simply this, the work is

either not done or else older brothers and

sisters or fathers and mothers are called

upon to perform it. I appeal to parents

if this is not so.

The object of study is to develop the

mind, but this process does not develop,

for the reason that the average child has

not time to think and work it out for him-
self, but is simply receptive of the work

and thought of others. It does not

teach the child self-reliance but cultivates

superficial habits, and the sights and

tears that are daily offered like evening

sacrifices on the altar of this Moloch, from

the children of our village, are the lightest

of the evils that we may expect from this

deleterious system. Its evil effects

will follow the children all through their

lives in dwarfed intellects and sickly bodies.

If you, Mr. Editor, consider these

two last sentences, too superficially, I

will not take it unless if you strike them

upon, A. N.

John W. Dyer, 10 Cornhill, Boston.

10-11

Advertisement.

Carriages and Harnesses
SOFTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE OR
EXCHANGE.

NATHAN T. JOY,
Corner of Broad and Middle Streets,
east Weymouth.

George White, Board
of J. H. C. HUMPHREY, Examiners.

C. C. CHURCHILL, County Treasurer.

Dedham, Jan. 10, 1876.

Advertisement.

January 1, 1876.

We, the undersigned, have compared the above

amount of the County Treasurer with accounts of

the County Commissioners, and find the same

correct.

Highest rates for Second Hand Carriages.

Spear's Carriage Factory,

EAST WEYMOUTH.

1876.

Advertisement.

GEORGE WHITE, Board of

J. H. C. HUMPHREY, Examiners.

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Dedham, Jan. 10, 1876.

Advertisement.

Carriages and Harnesses
SOFTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE OR

PARK, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Domestic Notes.

VEAL SATURDAY.—Chop fat bacon and lean veal in equal quantities, with a handful of sage, and a little salt and pepper. It should be chopped and beaten well together, rolled and fried.

DELMONTE Cakes.—One cup of white sugar; five tablespoonsfuls of butter; one cup of milk; a cup of sweet milk; one egg; two cups of flour; two eggs; two cups of sugar; two cups of flour; lemon extract to flavor.

CHAMOMILE OR CHAMOMINE.—Six eggs, six tablespoonsfuls powdered sugar, six tablespoonsfuls melted butter, and a little nutmeg; flour as for doughnut. Beat thin and make into fanciful shapes with a jugging iron.

DOMINIQUE.—Half pint of sweet milk, half cup of butter (soft), one cup of yeast, salt; flavor with nutmeg or cinnamon. Mix them at night. In the morning roll out and let them rise until very light, and drop in hot fat. They are very nice, after they are fried, to roll them in powdered sugar.

AN EXCELSIOR PUPUNE.—One-half pound short bread; one-half pound grated breast of ham; one cup of flour; two eggs; two whites of two, well beaten; two tablespoonsfuls of orange marmalade or sliced citron, if preferred. To be put into a buttered mold and boiled for two hours. To be served with sauce.

HAM TOAST.—Chop some ham (which has been previously dried), very small, and to a large tablespoonful of it add an egg well beaten up, a small bit of butter and a little cream. Mix altogether over a fire till quite hot. Have ready some neatly cut pieces of bacon, which his wife had cut too short. He was very angry, still began abusing her, and then she has been much bitterness and strife, especially of late. Wilder has been greatly depressed in mind, and has had an attack of depression, sometimes, but has never been in a position of murderous or suicidal tendencies.

As near as can be learned, the terrible events began in a war of words at the breakfast table. Wilder then started to get a new pair of overalls the straps of which his wife had cut too short. He was very angry, still began abusing her, and then she has been much bitterness and strife, especially of late. Wilder has been greatly depressed in mind, and has had an attack of depression, sometimes, but has never been in a position of murderous or suicidal tendencies.

A postal treaty has been signed by the representatives of the United States and Japan, agreeing that the rate of letter postage shall be five cents between the two countries, and two cents upon newspapers not exceeding two ounces.

The new arrangement will come into operation on the first of April next. The Anglo-Egyptian bank of Cairo has contracted to advance \$10,000,000 to Egypt on the security of her crops, and also a loan of \$70,000 to meet the Egyptian floating debt and other charges.

Wilder's mother, attracted by the noise of the struggle, went out to the shed, seeing what was going on, and, upon hearing that the house was on a large fire, went to call the men from the fields to their meals, ran into the front yard and blew it, hoping to attract the attention of the neighbors.

Wilder heard her and following her into the yard split her head open with the same murderous weapon with which he had killed her husband. She was instantly killed but the old gentleman, who had tried to help her, managed to crawl into the house, a distance of about seven feet from where he fell.

Wilder returned to the shed, and finding his father still alive, lying on the kitchen floor, he again struck him with the ax, nearly severing the head from the body, and fracturing his skull. Mr. Johnson was nearly eighty years of age. Mr. Bowen wished to lay the proof of his charge against Mr. Deader before three prominent Congregationalists, but the Plymouth committee would not consent.

The young citizen was dragged in Lake Whitney, New Haven, Conn., by breaking through the ice. Their mother also broke through the ice, was rescued.

The State, by a vote of forty-one to fifteen, passed the House bill appropriating \$1,500,000 for the Centennial exhibition.

A farmer who will exhaust the fertility of his land by raising any crop may not do so unless he is a fair and just man, and the country deserves no pity from anybody. Such a system of farming is far too common, but none less a disgrace to those who practice it.

We will also add that a man who undertakes to make farming pay, while depending upon commercial moneys purchased in the market, is pretty sure to fail, and to give up in despair. A man who labors in the earth deserves no pity from anybody.

Such a system of farming is far too common, but none less a disgrace to those who practice it.

The murderer's father was seventy-three years old, his mother seventy, and his wife twenty-two. The terrible affair has created intense excitement in the neighborhood.

Cutting Hoopoles.

I heard a man say not long since: "He got it all cutting and backing hoopoles!"

This man was speaking of a young man who had lost his life in a cutting and backing hoopoles. I asked the speaker to explain, and he did so. "You see that young man," he said. "I have known him from his childhood up. His parents were of the poorest of the poor. His first school books were old ones given to him. His next he bought with money earned by cutting hoopoles. The owner of the land, however, refused to let him go to school, and the boy was compelled to leave school and go to Washington. The bells of the city were tolled continuously for four hours.... Of the 172 orches invited to the Plymouth advisory council 117 have appointed delegates, and twenty-six declined the invitation. Paul H. Hubenstein was convicted of murder in New Haven, Conn., and sentenced to the State prison for life.

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The Newspaper Exhibition.

One of the most unique and interesting features of the Centennial was the great collection of American newspapers.

Nothing will give intelligent visitors more pleasure than a clear view of the peculiarities of our civilization.

The 7,870 periodicals that now publish in the United States show all the phases of our varied activities, tastes, idiosyncrasies, politics, religious faith, social and business and professional life.

We are more given to newspaper reading than to any other people. In our schools, teacher, author, editor, paper is the first "institution" to be founded. From the local "organ" of the shanty village in Montana to the great dailies of New York, there are all sorts of sizes and varieties of development of "American ideas of journalism."

Human Nature.

The following article, cut from the Cleveland Leader, will no doubt be recognized by those who read it as a familiar trait in the character of their neighbor: "An aged couple are very fond of checkers and play quickly frequently. When her beats at the game she loses her temper and declares she will not play with him any longer. But when he beats her, she will not play with him any longer. And he tells her how wrong it is for people at their age to be disturbed by such trifles, and shows her so clearly the folly of such a course that she becomes ashamed of her ways and returns to the game and plays it so well that she beats him. Then he throws the checkers in another corner, and keeps her locked in another room, where he who frequents the quays. When he at length arrived in Australia, he could not even then relieve her mind, as the cabin contained no woman who had the tact to understand her.

The Keokuk Constitution says: Not long ago there lived in Indianapolis, Ind., a man and wife who seemed to be in perfect health, but the husband was taken ill and died.

At that moment a tall figure stepped between them, and the sudden yell of Hingo do Grubus was heard:

"Auntie slight girl! And as for you, base minion!"

The intelligent composer had just got as far as when smileytime came to him, and, with the remark: "Thinking ignoramus! Why, minion wasn't even until 1654, and this is a story of the middle ages." he changed the game so that it read:

"Auntie slight girl! And as for you, base brevier!"

The foreman shot him with a shooting-stick. The bad event cast a gloom over the community.

THE VERMONT HORROR.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

INTERESTING NEWS FROM HOME AND ABROAD.

THE BOSTON & GENERAL INVESTMENT TRUST COMPANY.

SENATE.

Mr. Sherman (Rep.), of Ohio, from the committee on Finance, reported adversely on the Senate bill to amend the bill on the subject of the Homestead Act.

Twenty-four business firms were burned out,

the best known of whom are Lester, Whitman & Co., Grinnells; Oatlin, Brundrett & Co., cloth and clothing.

The widely-known Con-

tinental Hotel was also completely demolished.

Three frames were killed, and a number

wounded by falling walls. The insurance

was \$2,000,000.... C. A. Marshen was

convicted of murder, and sentenced to im-

priation for life, three years at Blooms-

ington, D. C.

He had been tried out, spent

five months, but had lived unhappily

with his wife. His parents both stren-

uously objected to his marriage with her,

but he persisted and brought her home to live with them. The parents resented this, and there has been much bitterness and strife, especially of late. Wilder has been greatly depressed in mind, and has had an attack of depression, sometimes, but has never been in a position of murderous or suicidal tendencies.

As near as can be learned, the terrible

events began in a war of words at the

breakfast table. Wilder then started to

get a new pair of overalls the straps of

which his wife had cut too short. He

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